**Annual Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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# Financial Section

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance
Town of Lisbon, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lisbon, CT, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lisbon, CT's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lisbon, CT, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–10, budgetary comparison information on pages 50-57, and Pension and OPEB schedules on pages 58-61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lisbon, CT's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Lisbon, CT's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lisbon, CT's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Lisbon, CT's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

King, King & Associates, P.C., CPAs

Krig. King & Associates

Winsted, CT

December 3, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

As management of the Town of Lisbon, CT, we offer readers of the Town of Lisbon, CT's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Lisbon, CT for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Town of Lisbon, CT exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$16,921,032 (net position). Governmental activities reflect an unrestricted net position in the amount of \$3,255,788 which may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted net position of \$1,174,297 is restricted for various programs such as small cities loans, road repairs and maintenance, education, and others.
- In the Town's business-type activities, total net position decreased by \$139,743.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lisbon, CT's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,086,309, an increase of \$1,137,627 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$3,375,216 is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,375,216 or 25.8 percent of total General Fund budget basis expenditures and transfers. The total fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,572,172 or 27.3 percent of total General Fund budget basis expenditures and transfers.
- A new 10-year agreement was signed that began January 2021. Wheelabrator will pay \$417,500 in lieu of taxes annually as well as royalties of approximately \$150,000.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Lisbon, CT's basic financial statements. The Town of Lisbon, CT's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Lisbon, CT's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Lisbon, CT's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator whether the financial position of the Town of Lisbon, CT is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position is changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Lisbon, CT that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Lisbon, CT include education, public safety, general government, public works, health and welfare, and recreation. Property taxes, state and federal grants, and local revenues such as fees and licenses finance most of these activities. The business-type activities of the Town of Lisbon, CT include fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Lisbon, CT, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Lisbon, CT can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The Town of Lisbon, CT, maintains eleven (11) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Nonrecurring Fund and the Town Aid Roads Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Lisbon, CT, adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town maintains one proprietary fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town of Lisbon, CT's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-49 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Lisbon, CT, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$16,921,032 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	<u>2021</u>	2020	2021	2020	2021	<u>2020</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,310,622	\$ 7,182,608	\$ 120,033	\$ 154,825	\$ 8,430,655	\$ 7,337,433		
Capital Assets	11,203,614	11,840,790	2,265,023	2,369,684	13,468,637	14,210,474		
Total Assets	19,514,236	19,023,398	2,385,056	2,524,509	21,899,292	21,547,907		
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	699,483	780,282			699,483	780,282		
Long-term Liabilities	4,073,085	3,612,269	-	-	4,073,085	3,612,269		
Other Liabilities	999,764	1,042,051	55,777	55,487	1,055,541	1,097,538		
Total Liabilities	5,072,849	4,654,320	55,777	55,487	5,128,626	4,709,807		
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	549,117	540,212			549,117	540,212		
Net Position:								
Net Investment								
in Capital Assets	10,160,568	10,516,222	2,265,023	2,369,684	12,425,591	12,885,906		
Restricted	1,175,397	988,123	-	-	1,175,397	988,123		
Unrestricted	3,255,788	3,104,803	64,256	99,338	3,320,044	3,204,141		
Total Net Position	\$ 14,591,753	\$ 14,609,148	\$ 2,329,279	\$ 2,469,022	\$ 16,921,032	\$ 17,078,170		

The largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and systems, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for spending. Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$460,315 primarily due to depreciation being greater than fixed asset additions and the pay down of related debt.

The Town's restricted net position of \$1,175,397 increased by \$187,274 compared to last years restricted net position of \$988,123.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

The Town's unrestricted net position of \$3,320,044 increased by \$115,903 compared to last years unrestricted net position of \$3,204,141. This increase is primarily due to lower than anticipated expenditures.

		Government	Activities		Business-Type Activities				Totals			
•		<u>2021</u>		2020		<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>			<u>2021</u>			2020
REVENUES												
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes	\$	9,709,725	\$	9,986,275	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,709,725	\$	9,986,275
Unrestricted Grants & Contributions		308,683		333,010		-		-		308,683		333,010
Unrestricted Investment Income		14,509		118,974		244		2,583		14,753		121,557
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services		407,860		483,632		82,111		98,489		489,971		582,121
Operating Grants and												
Contributions		6,155,017		5,114,385		-		-		6,155,017		5,114,385
Capital Grants and												
Contributions		48,000		237,427						48,000		237,427
Total Revenues	_	16,643,794	_	16,273,703	_	82,355		101,072	_	16,726,149	_	16,374,775
EXPENSES												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government		1,777,379		1,774,604		-		-		1,777,379		1,774,604
Fire Protection		458,910		224,019		-		-		458,910		224,019
Police Protection		147,736		151,557		-		-		147,736		151,557
Highways and Streets		812,143		764,370		-		-		812,143		764,370
Seniors and Senior Center		122,205		148,320		-		-		122,205		148,320
Recreation		57,396		95,663		-		-		57,396		95,663
Education		13,276,038		12,201,501		-		-		13,276,038		12,201,501
Interest on Long-Term Debt		9,382		53,137		-		-		9,382		53,137
Business-Type Activities:												
Water Pollution Control Authority		<u>-</u>		-		222,098		229,415		222,098	_	229,415
Total Expenses	_	16,661,189		15,413,171		222,098		229,415	_	16,883,287	_	15,642,586
Change in Net Position		(17,395)		860,532		(139,743)		(128,343)		(157,138)		732,189
Beginning Net Position		14,609,148	_	13,748,616		2,469,022		2,597,365	_	17,078,170		16,345,981
Ending Net Position	\$	14,591,753	\$	14,609,148	\$	2,329,279	\$	2,469,022	\$	16,921,032	\$	17,078,170

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities decreased the Town of Lisbon, CT's net position by \$17,395.

Fifty-eight percent (58%) of the revenues of the Town were derived from property taxes, followed by thirty-nine percent (39%) from grants and contributions, two percent (2%) from charges for services and less than one percent of the Town's revenue in the fiscal year was derived from investment and other income.

Eighty percent (80%) of the expenses of the Town relate to education, five percent (5%) relate to highways and streets, four percent (4%) relate to fire and police protection, one percent (1%) relate to seniors and recreation, and ten percent (10%) relate to general government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

**Business-Type activities.** The business-type activities consist of the Water Pollution Control Authority. The Authority's cost and expenses are a direct result of the amount of waste flowing from the Town into the Jewett City Waste Water Treatment Plant. Revenue and expenses will vary from year to year based on the flow from the residences and businesses connected to the system.

The activity of the Authority has been relatively consistent as the system has not been expanding to significant new users in recent years. The Authority shows a loss each year, but it is primarily due to the depreciation expense, a non-cash expense, and any repairs needed to the lines. This year depreciation totaled \$104,661 and the decrease in net position totaled \$139,743.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town of Lisbon, CT uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Town of Lisbon, CT's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Lisbon, CT's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lisbon, CT's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,086,309, an increase of \$1,137,627 in comparison with the prior year. Forty-eight percent (48%) of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Lisbon, CT. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,375,216. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 25.8 percent of total General Fund budget basis expenditures and transfers.

The fund balance of the Town of Lisbon, CT's General Fund increased by \$833,715 during the current fiscal year. Along with the budgeted surplus, key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Expenditures coming in less than budgeted, primarily in non-allocated expenditures, highways and streets, and recreation.
- The Bond Anticipation Note was replaced with General Obligation Bonds in subsequent events and was converted to long-term debt. This contributed to the addition of \$585,000 of issuance of Bond Anticipation Note.

**Town Aid Road Fund.** The fund balance of the Town Aid Road Fund increased by \$88,043 during the current fiscal year. This increase is primarily attributable to interest and dividends of \$1,301, and spending \$86,742 less than the current years Town Aid Road grant received.

**Capital Nonrecurring Fund.** The fund balance of the Capital Nonrecurring Fund increased by \$109,141 during the current fiscal year. This increase is primarily related to an authorized transfer from unassigned fund balance of the General Fund in the amount of \$110,000 to fund future capital projects and purchases, along with grants and interest and dividends received, less the current year capital outlays.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

**Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund.** The fund balance of the Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund decreased by \$1,082 during the current fiscal year.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the Board of Finance can revise the Town budget with additional appropriations and budget transfers. Transfers do not increase the total budget, but instead move appropriations from one department to another department. State Statutes allow these transfers to be made by the Board of Finance without a Town Meeting. Below is a summarized view of the final budget and actual results for the General Fund:

	Final		
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 9,177,756	\$ 9,231,937	\$ 54,181
Intergovernmental	3,097,069	3,163,478	66,409
Local Revenues	941,625	846,810	(94,815)
Investment Income	5,000	8,752	3,752
Total Revenues	13,221,450	13,250,977	29,527
EXPENDITURES			
Selectmen	3,069,360	2,785,701	283,659
Education	9,881,519	9,849,169	32,350
Capital Outlay	36,151	36,151	-
Debt Service	298,427	293,929	4,498
Total Expenditures	13,285,457	12,964,950	320,507
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Appropriation from Fund Balance	205,887	-	(205,887)
Transfers	(110,000)	(110,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	95,887	(110,000)	(205,887)
INCREASE (DECREASE)			
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 31,880	\$ 176,027	<u>\$ 144,147</u>

The original approved budget projected a surplus of \$31,880. The Town approved additional appropriations from fund balance of \$205,887 during the year.

Actual revenues came in \$29,527 greater than budgeted. Much of this is due to higher-than-expected revenues from the State (above budget by \$66,409), as well as higher than expected tax collections (above budget by \$54,181), offset by lower-than-expected local revenues by 94,815.

Expenditures were \$320,507 under the final budget with a number of appropriations significantly under budget which is primarily made up of non-allocated selectmen's expenditures which was \$102,667 under budget, highways and streets which was \$43,585 under budget, and recreation which was \$72,747 under budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital assets.** The Town of Lisbon, CT's reported value in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$13,468,637 (net of accumulated depreciation). This reported value in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$741,837, which consisted of capital additions of \$73,407,and current year depreciation of \$815,240.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Governmental Activities:  Land  Buildings and Systems  Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 2,612,463 6,002,370 731,413 1,857,368	\$ 2,612,463 6,366,347 889,577 1,972,403
	\$ 11,203,614	\$ 11,840,790
Duning and town a Antivities of	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Business-type Activities: Buildings and Systems	\$ 2,265,023	\$ 2,369,684

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The addition of a Senior transit bus
- The addition of a Turf Tiger II Mower

Additional information on the Town of Lisbon, CT's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on page 32 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lisbon, CT had long-term debt and liabilities outstanding of \$4,073,085.

	<u> 2021</u>	<u> 2020</u>
G.O. Bonds	\$ 425,000	\$ 645,000
Bond Anticipation Note	585,000	-
Unamortized Premium	33,046	49,568
Compensated Absences	350,743	338,958
OPEB Liability	1,698,283	1,637,423
Net Pension Liability	 981,013	 941,320
Total	\$ 4,073,085	\$ 3,612,269

The Town of Lisbon, CT's total long-term debt and liabilities increased \$460,816 (12.76 percent) during the current fiscal year due mainly to the reporting of Bond Anticipation Note being reported as long-term debt and the paydown of the General Obligation Bonds. Additional information on the Town of Lisbon, CT's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 33-34 of this report.

The Town currently maintains a bond rating of Aa3 by Moody's.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's
  economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy, which from time to time
  will affect the amount of intergovernmental revenues the Town will receive.
- Increased threat of losing State funding will continue to be a variable in our local budget.
- The Town has negotiated a new 10-year agreement beginning in January 2021 in the amount of \$417,500 and tipping fees of \$0.50 per ton of non-Lisbon trash estimated at \$100,000 plus per year. Depending on the impact of development, it is estimated that the impact in lost revenue will result in a 0.5 mill increase in the 2021 and 2022 budgets.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Lisbon, CT's budget for the 2022 fiscal year and the Boards of Selectmen and Finance are preparing a plan of action for the worst-case scenarios.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Lisbon, CT's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Board of Finance, Town of Lisbon, 1 Newent Road, Lisbon, CT 06351.

## Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,651,727	\$ 109,634	\$ 7,761,361
Investments	4,237	φ .σσ,σσ. -	4,237
Restricted Cash	102,768	-	102,768
Receivables, Net of Allowance	545,960	10,399	556,359
Other Assets	5,930	-	5,930
Capital Assets:			
Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,612,463	-	2,612,463
Assets Being Depreciated, Net	8,591,151	2,265,023	10,856,174
Total Assets	19,514,236	2,385,056	21,899,292
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows - Pension	422,693	_	422,693
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	276,790	-	276,790
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	699,483	<u> </u>	699,483
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items	180,381	55,777	236,158
Unearned Revenue	710,771	-	710,771
Performance Bonds	102,768	-	102,768
Accrued Interest Payable	5,844	-	5,844
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	833,672	-	833,672
Due In More Than One Year	3,239,413		3,239,413
Total Liabilities	5,072,849	55,777	5,128,626
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows - Pension	144,181	-	144,181
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	404,936	-	404,936
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	549,117		549,117
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,160,568	2,265,023	12,425,591
Restricted:	, ,	_,,	,, .
Nonexpendable	1,100	-	1,100
Expendable	1,174,297	-	1,174,297
Unrestricted	3,255,788	64,256	3,320,044
Total Net Position	\$ 14,591,753	\$ 2,329,279	\$ 16,921,032

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

									Ne	et (Expense) Re	evenu	ue and Chang	es in	Net Position
			Program Revenues						F	Prima	ry Governmer	nt		
						Operating		Capital						
		_		Charges		Frants and	_	ants and	G	overnmental		siness-Type		
		Expenses	for	for Services		ontributions	Cor	ntributions		Activities		Activties		Total
Functions/Program Activities														
Governmental Activities:	_		_		_		_		_				_	
General Government	\$	1,777,379	\$	284,209	\$	5,500	\$	-	\$	(1,487,670)			\$	(1,487,670)
Fire Protection		458,910		-		-		-		(458,910)				(458,910)
Police Protection		147,736		-		- -		-		(147,736)				(147,736)
Highways and Streets		812,143		-		179,451		48,000		(584,692)				(584,692)
Seniors and Senior Center		122,205		7,880		402		-		(113,923)				(113,923)
Recreation		57,396		-		-		-		(57,396)				(57,396)
Education		13,276,038		115,771		5,969,664		-		(7,190,603)				(7,190,603)
Interest Expense		9,382				<u> </u>				(9,382)				(9,382)
Total Governmental Activities		16,661,189		407,860	-	6,155,017		48,000		(10,050,312)				(10,050,312)
Business-Type Activities:														
Water Pollution Control Authority	_	222,098		82,111		<u>-</u>						(139,987)		(139,987)
Total Primary Government	\$	16,883,287	\$	489,971	\$	6,155,017	\$	48,000				(139,987)		(10,190,299)
		General Rever	nues:											
		Property Taxe	es, Pay	ment in Lieu	of T	axes, Interest	and Li	ens		9,709,725		-		9,709,725
		Grants and C	ontribu	itions not Re	strict	ed to Specific	Progra	ıms		308,683		-		308,683
		Unrestricted I	nvestr	nent Earning	S					14,509		244		14,753
		Total Gene	eral Re	evenues and	Tran	sfers				10,032,917		244		10,033,161
		Change in	Net Po	osition						(17,395)		(139,743)		(157,138)
		Net Position at	Begin	ning of Year						14,609,148		2,469,022		17,078,170
		Net Position at	End o	f Year					\$	14,591,753	\$	2,329,279	\$	16,921,032

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	Town Aid Roads Fund	Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Φ 4000 005	Φ 0.070.000	Φ 000.577	<b>405.000</b>	<b>404040</b>	<b>A</b> 7.054.707
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,336,035	\$ 2,378,800	\$ 696,577	\$ 105,366	\$ 134,949	\$ 7,651,727
Investments	-	-	-	-	4,237	4,237
Restricted Cash	102,768	-	-	-	-	102,768
Receivables, Net of Allowance	246,863	-	-	239,436	59,661	545,960
Other Assets	-	0.575	-	-	5,930	5,930
Due from Other Funds	23,991	8,575	<u>-</u>	624,456	<u> </u>	657,022
Total Assets	\$ 4,709,657	\$ 2,387,375	\$ 696,577	\$ 969,258	\$ 204,777	\$ 8,967,644
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items	\$ 179,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237	\$ 276	\$ 180,381
Unearned Revenue	-	9,463	-	671,860	29,448	710,771
Performance Bonds	102,768	-	-	-	-	102,768
Due to Other Funds	624,456		10,475		22,091	657,022
Total Liabilities	907,092	9,463	10,475	672,097	51,815	1,650,942
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue:						
Property Taxes and Interest	191,930	-	-	-	-	191,930
Sewer Assessment Charges	38,463	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	38,463
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	230,393		-			230,393
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	1,100	1,100
Restricted	39,172	-	686,102	297,161	151,862	1,174,297
Committed	-	1,744,706	-	-	-	1,744,706
Assigned	157,784	633,206	-	-	-	790,990
Unassigned	3,375,216					3,375,216
Total Fund Balances	3,572,172	2,377,912	686,102	297,161	152,962	7,086,309
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 4,709,657	\$ 2,387,375	\$ 696,577	\$ 969,258	\$ 204,777	\$ 8,967,644

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Fund balances reported in governmental funds Balance Sheet	\$ 7,086,309
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the government- wide Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital Assets  Depreciation	24,035,443 (12,831,829)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.  Property taxes and interest receivable greater than 60 days  Assessments receivable greater than 60 days	191,930 38,463
Certain changes related to pensions and OPEB are deferred and amortized over time.	150,366
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.  Bond Anticipation Note	(585,000)
Bonds payable Bond premiums	(425,000) (33,046)
Net Pension Liability - MERS OPEB liability Accrued interest	(981,013) (1,698,283) (5,844)
Compensated Absences  Net position of governmental activities	(350,743) \$ 14,591,753

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconst	General Fund	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	Town Aid Roads Fund	Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues		•	•	•	•	
Property Taxes, Interest and Lien Fees	\$ 9,231,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,231,937
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,195,291	48,000	179,451	12,010	658,661	5,093,413
Charges for Services	846,357	21,000	-	1,965	121,886	991,208
Interest and Dividends	8,752	4,376	1,301	-	80	14,509
Other					74,000	74,000
Total Revenues	14,282,337	73,376	180,752	13,975	854,627	15,405,067
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government	1,610,141	-	-	13,109	-	1,623,250
Fire Protection	350,326	-	-	-	-	350,326
Police Protection	147,736	-	-	-	-	147,736
Highway and Streets	553,560	-	92,709	-	-	646,269
Seniors and Senior Center	114,241	-	-	1,948	4,500	120,689
Recreation	9,093	-	-	-	-	9,093
Education	10,853,445	-	-	-	742,317	11,595,762
Debt Service:						
Principal	220,000	-	-	-	-	220,000
Interest	28,929	-	-	-	-	28,929
Capital Outlay	36,151	74,235				110,386
Total Expenditures	13,923,622	74,235	92,709	15,057	746,817	14,852,440
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	358,715	(859)	88,043	(1,082)	107,810	552,627
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)						
Issuance of Bond Anticipation Note	585,000	-	-	-	-	585,000
Transfers In	-	110,000	-	-	-	110,000
Transfers Out	(110,000)					(110,000)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	475,000	110,000				585,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	833,715	109,141	88,043	(1,082)	107,810	1,137,627
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,738,457	2,268,771	598,059	298,243	45,152	5,948,682
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,572,172	\$ 2,377,912	\$ 686,102	\$ 297,161	\$ 152,962	\$ 7,086,309

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fun	d balances - total	governmental funds
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\$1,137,627

## Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	73,403
Depreciation expense	(710,579)

# Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

Property taxes and interest collected accrual basis change	38,743
Assessment revenue accrual basis change	(9.094)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Issuance of Bond Anticipation Note	(585,000)
General obligation bond principal payments	220,000
Amortization of premium	16,522

Amortization of deterred outflows related to pension and OPEB benefits	(80,799)
Amortization of deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB benefits	(8,905)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, including the change in:

Accrued interest	3,025
Net Pension Liability - MERS	(39,693)
OPEB liability	(60,860)
Compensated Absences	(11,785)

### Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (17,395)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Water Pollution Control Authority Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	109,634	
Usage Receivable		10,399	
Total Current Assets		120,033	
Capital Assets:			
Buildings and Improvements		4,186,405	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,921,382)	
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		2,265,023	
Total Assets	\$	2,385,056	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>-</u>	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$	55,777	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>-</u>	
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,265,023	
Unrestricted		64,256	
Total Net Position	\$	2,329,279	

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Pollution Control Authority Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$	82,111
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Contractual Services		116,421
Other Supplies and Expenses		1,016
Depreciation Expense		104,661
Total Operating Expenses		222,098
Operating Income/(Loss)		(139,987)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income		244
Change in Net Position		(139,743)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,469,022
Net Position - End of Year	\$	2,329,279

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Pollution Control Authority Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 85,167 (117,147) (31,980)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Income Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	244 244	
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(31,736)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	141,370	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 109,634	
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ (139,987)	
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Usage Receivable	104,661 3,056	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Total Adjustments	290 108,007	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (31,980)	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	72,000	\$	34,081
Total Assets		72,000		34,081
Deferred Outflows of Resources  Liabilities Payables  Total Liabilities		- - -		- -
Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net Position				
Restricted for Scholarships		72,000		-
Restricted for Individuals and Organizations		<u>-</u>		34,081
Total Net Position	\$	72,000	\$	34,081

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds		
Additions					
Contributions	\$	72,000	\$	-	
Activity Fees		<u> </u>		21,736	
Total Additions		72,000		21,736	
Deductions					
Scholarships		-		-	
Activities		<u> </u>		21,650	
Total Deductions				21,650	
Change in Net Position		72,000		86	
Net Position at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>		33,995	
Net Position at End of Year	\$	72,000	\$	34,081	

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Lisbon, Connecticut (the "Town") have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing the governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Town's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by a selectmen town meeting form of government. Under this form of government, the town meeting is the legislative body. A town meeting is required to make appropriations, levy taxes and borrow money. The administrative branch is led by an elected three-member Board of Selectmen. The selectmen oversee most of the activities not assigned specifically to another body. An elected board of education oversees the public-school system. The elected Board of Finance is the budget making authority and supervises the Town financial matters.

The Town's financial statements include the accounts of all Town controlled operations. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Town of Lisbon (the primary government) and its component units. The basic criteria for inclusion of a component unit in a governmental unit's reporting entity for financial reporting is the exercise of oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependence, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters and scope of public service. Currently, there are no entities considered component units of the Town. The Town includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the Town's executive and legislative branches. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable State laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Town of Lisbon.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in the demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. The Town maintains proprietary and fiduciary funds which are reported by type. Since the governmental

Notes to the Financial Statements

fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes when levied, licenses, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. For reimbursement grants, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: compensated absences, debt service, capital leases, other post-employment benefit obligations, and claims and judgments that are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all
  financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another manner. Revenues
  are derived primarily from property taxes, state grants, licenses, permits, charges for services,
  and earnings on investments.
- The Capital Nonrecurring Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The *Town Aid Road Fund* is used to account for the expenditures against the state grant of the same name. This grant can only be used for expenditures for the Town's roads.

Notes to the Financial Statements

• The *Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources related to the federal American Rescue Plan Act grant and other miscellaneous grants.

The town reports the following major proprietary funds:

• The Water Pollution Control Authority Fund accounts for connection and usage fees and expenditures for the sewer system which is available to certain residents and businesses.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The fiduciary funds are as follows:

- The Custodial Funds account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity on behalf of student groups.
- The *Private Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town utilizes private purpose trust funds to account for activities of funds held in trust for student scholarships.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, depreciation, and benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and pooled investment funds, with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. This definition also applies to the proprietary funds statement of cash flows.

Investments - In general, State of Connecticut Statutes allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Certificates of Deposit are reported at cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Short-Term Investment Fund ("STIF") is a money market investment pool managed by the Cash Management Division of the State Treasurer's Office created by Section 3-27 of the Connecticut General Statutes ("CGS"). Pursuant to CGS 3-27a through 3-27f, the State, municipal entities, and political subdivisions of the State are eligible to invest in the fund. The fund is considered a "2a7-like" pool and, as such, reports its investments at amortized cost (which approximates fair value. The pool is overseen by the Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor. This is the highest rating for money market funds and investment pools. The pooled investment funds' risk category cannot be determined since the Town does not own identifiable securities but invests as a shareholder of the investment pool. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Taxes Receivable - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The Town has established an allowance for estimated uncollectible motor vehicle and personal property taxes and interest in the amount of \$17,456. Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Real property bills are payable in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle and personal property taxes are payable in one installment on July 1, with the motor vehicle supplemental bills payable on January 1. Assessments for real and personal property, including motor vehicles, are computed at seventy percent of the market value. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditure/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables and payables. They arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for machinery, equipment, vehicles, land, and buildings and systems, and \$25,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Systems	20 - 40
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	5 - 20
Infrastructure	20 - 50

Notes to the Financial Statements

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or amounts from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Long-term obligations - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, and debt payments, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated absences - Town employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Town reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow or inflow of resources related to pensions and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, the net difference between projected and actual earnings, change in proportional share, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits (active employees and inactive employees) other than the net difference between projected and actual earnings which is included in expense over a five-year period and Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date which is included in the subsequent year.

The Town also reports unavailable revenue from property taxes and related interest in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Fund equity and net position— Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – This category represents the net position of the Town, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for certain expenses, the Town expends restricted resources first and uses unrestricted resources when the restricted funds are depleted.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in the following five separate categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples are items that are not expected to be converted to cash including inventories and prepaid expenditures. Examples of items legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are the corpus of permanent funds.

Restricted Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. The spending constraints placed on the use of fund balance amounts are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Finance can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Town removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by action of Town Officials.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – Represents the remaining fund balance after amounts are set aside for all other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, unassigned) amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to use restricted fund balance first if the expenditure meets the restricted purpose, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, the Town is required to measure the fair value of its assets and liabilities under a three-level hierarchy, as follows:

**Level 1:** Quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities to which an entity has access to at the measurement date.

**Level 2:** Inputs and information other than quoted market indices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- b. Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
- c. Observable inputs other than quoted prices for the assets or liability;
- d. Inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.

**Level 3:** Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed from sources independent of the reporting entity; and *unobservable inputs* reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

Certificates of Deposit are reported at amortized cost and are excluded from the fair value disclosures.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A formal, legally approved, annual budget is adopted for the General Fund only.

The Boards of Selectmen and Education submit requests for appropriation(s) to the Board of Finance. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations of the next fiscal year.

The Board of Finance's estimated and recommended budget reports are submitted at the Annual Town Meeting. The Annual Town Meeting takes on this budget. After the Annual Town Meeting the Board of Finance meets to levy a tax on the grand list that will be sufficient to cover, together with other income or revenue surplus appropriated, the amounts appropriated and any revenue deficit of the Town.

The Board of Finance holds a public hearing, at which itemized estimates of the expenditures of the Town for the next fiscal year are presented. At this time, individuals are able to recommend any appropriations that they desire the Board of Finance to consider. The Board of Finance then considers the estimates and any other matters brought to their attention at a public meeting held subsequent to the public hearing and prior to the annual meeting. The Board of Finance prepares the proposed budget.

The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level except expenditures for education, which are, by State Statutes, appropriated as one department.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The governing body may amend the annual budget subject to the requirements of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Board of Finance may make a one-time additional appropriation up to \$20,000 to any appropriations.

A Town meeting must be called to make appropriations over \$20,000 or additional changes to a previously adjusted appropriation. During the year, \$205,887 of additional appropriations were made from fund balance. These increased the original budget by the same amount.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository".

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2021:

	Gov	vernmental	Pi	roprietary	F	Fiduciary	
		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>			<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash	\$	6,531,754	\$	109,634	\$	106,081	\$ 6,747,469
Cash Equivalents		1,119,974		-		-	1,119,974
Restricted Cash		102,768					102,768
Total	\$	7,754,496	\$	109,634	\$	106,081	\$ 7,970,211

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's custodial credit risk policy is to only use banks that are in the State of Connecticut. The State of Connecticut requires that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The following is a reconciliation of the Town's deposits subject to custodial credit risk:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,970,211
Less: Cash Equivalents (STIF)	(1,119,974)
Plus: Investments (CDs)	 4,237
	\$ 6,854,474

At year-end, the Town's carrying amount of deposits subject to custodial credit risk was \$6,854,474 and the bank balance was \$7,121,242. Of the bank balance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation insured \$562,055.

As of June 30, 2021, \$6,559,187 of the Town's bank balance of \$7,121,242 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 5,853,268
Uninsured and collateral held by	
pledging bank's Trust department	
not in the Town's name	705,919
	Total \$ 6,559,187

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **Cash Equivalents**

At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash equivalents (Short-Term Investment Fund "STIF") amounted to \$1,119,974. STIF is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and has an average maturity of under 60 days.

#### **Investments**

The following is a summary of investments at June 30, 2021:

	Gove	rnmental
	<u>Fı</u>	<u>unds</u>
Certificates of Deposit	\$	4,237

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk – The Town does not have an investment policy that limits investment choices further than the Connecticut General Statutes. Generally, credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

As of June 30, 2021, the Town had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

		Investment Maturities (In Years)							
	<u>Total</u>	Les	s Than 1		<u>1 - 5</u>		<u>6 - 10</u>		
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 4,237	\$	4,237	\$		-	\$	-	

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTE 4 – **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		cellaneous wn Grant				onmajor d Other			
		Fund		Fund		WPCA		Funds		Total	
Receivables:			1								
Property taxes	\$	187,298	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	187,298	
Interest, Liens, and Fees		38,349		-		-		-		38,349	
Assessments		38,463		-		-		-		38,463	
Usage Charges		-		-		10,399		-		10,399	
Loans		-		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		239,436		-		49,662		289,098	
Accounts		209		-		-		9,999		10,208	
Gross Receivables		264,319		239,436		10,399		59,661		573,815	
Less allowance for											
uncollectibles:		/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								(	
Property taxes		(14,489)		-		-		-		(14,489)	
Interest, Liens, and Fees		(2,967)		<u>-</u>		-				(2,967)	
Total allowance		(17,456)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(17,456)	
Net Total Receivables	\$	246,863	\$	239,436	\$	10,399	\$	59,661	\$	556,359	

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned		
General Fund:			•			
Property Taxes and Interest	\$	191,930	\$	-		
Assessments		38,463		-		
Capital Nonrecurring Fund:						
Advances on Grants		-		9,463		
Miscellaneous Town Grant Fund:						
Advances on Grants		-		671,860		
Other Governmental Funds:						
Advances on Grants		-		28,260		
Prepaid Meals				1,188		
Total Unavailable/Unearned Revenue for						
Governmental Funds	\$	230,393	\$	710,771		

#### NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the change in capital assets as of June 30, 2021:

		Beginning			_			Ending
Governmental Activities		<u>Balance</u>		<u>Increases</u>	<u>De</u>	ecreases		<u>Balances</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated  Land	\$	2,612,463	\$		\$		\$	2,612,463
Construction in Progress	φ	2,012,403	φ	-	φ	-	φ	2,012,403
S		2 612 462	_				-	2 612 462
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,612,463		<u>-</u>				2,612,463
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and Systems		14,609,240		-		-		14,609,240
Machinery & Equipment		4,008,388		73,403		-		4,081,791
Infrastructure		2,731,949		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,731,949
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	21,349,577	_	73,403			_	21,422,980
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Systems		8,242,893		363,977		-		8,606,870
Machinery & Equipment		3,118,811		231,567		-		3,350,378
Infrastructure		759,546		115,035		<u>-</u>		874,581
Total accumulated depreciation		12,121,250		710,579				12,831,829
Total capital assets, being depreciated		9,228,327		(637,176)		_		8,591,151
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$	11,840,790	\$	(637,176)	\$	_	\$	11,203,614
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and Systems	\$	4,186,405	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,186,405
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Systems		1,816,721		104,661				1,921,382
Total accumulated depreciation	_	1,816,721	_	104,661				1,921,382
Business-Type Activities capital assets, net	\$	2,369,684	\$	(104,661)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,265,023

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 16,082
Fire Protection	109,067
Highways and Streets	173,935
Recreation	48,303
Seniors and Senior Center	1,516
Education	361,676
Total Depreciation Expense	
Governmental Activities	\$ 710,579
Business-Type Activities:	
WPCA	\$ 104,661

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that: 1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and 3) payments between funds are made. At June 30, 2021, there were no outstanding balances between funds.

Fund transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) to account for unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Transfer Out:	Transfer In:	Total
		_
General Fund	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	\$ 110,000

#### NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			5	Ending		ue Within
Governmental Activities Bonds Payable:	<u>Balance</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<u>Balance</u>	<u>C</u>	ne Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 645,000	\$	-	\$ 220,000	\$ 425,000	\$	215,000
Unamortized Premium	 49,568		<u>-</u>	16,522	 33,046		16,523
Total Bonds Payable	694,568		-	236,522	458,046		231,523
Bond Anticipation Note	-		585,000	-	585,000		585,000
Compensated Absences	338,958		29,682	17,897	350,743		17,149
OPEB Liability	1,637,423		60,860	-	1,698,283		-
Net Pension Liability	 941,320		39,693		981,013		-
Total	\$ 3,612,269	\$	715,235	\$ 254,419	\$ 4,073,085	\$	833,672

The BAN is reported as a long-term liability as it was replaced with long-term financing prior to the issuance of this report.

Each governmental fund liability is liquidated by the respective fund to which it relates, primarily the General Fund. Interest on these obligations is expensed to the respective fund, primarily the General Fund.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Amount	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Out	rincipal estanding e 30, 2021
Water/Schools Refunding Bonds	2012	\$ 3,560,000	2 - 3%	7/15/2022	\$	425,000

The annual debt service requirements of the Town's general obligation bonds are as follows:

			Governmental Activities						
Year(s)		F	Principal	li	nterest		Total		
2022		\$	215,000	\$	9,525	\$	224,525		
2023			210,000		3,150		213,150		
	Total	\$	425,000	\$	12,675	\$	437,675		

Interest paid and expensed on general obligation bonds for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$16,050.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation time earned during the fiscal year can be carried over to the succeeding year, subject to limitations as provided in the respective collective bargaining agreements. Employees are entitled to accumulate sick leave up to a maximum amount stipulated in each contract. Payment for accumulated sick leave is dependent upon the length of service and accumulated days. The value of all compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Bond Anticipation Notes**

The Town uses bond anticipation notes to fund construction costs prior to issuance of bonds. The following table summarizes changes in the Town's Bond Anticipation Notes for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning							Ending
		Balance	Δ	dditions	Re	eductions	Balance	
Bond Anticipation Note	\$	\$ 630,000		585,000	\$	630,000	\$	585,000

The outstanding bond anticipation note carries an interest rate of 1.34% and matures in August 2021. Total interest incurred and expensed on bond anticipation notes during the year was \$12,879. As described in Note 14, subsequent to year-end the BAN was replaced with long-term General Obligation Bonds and, therefore; will be reported as an obligation in the government-wide and not the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town hosts Wheelabrator, a trash to energy plant. When the plant was built, the Town entered into a contract with Wheelabrator which abated property taxes on the plant in exchange for \$1,000,000 annual payments in lieu of property taxes per year. The contract also required that Wheelabrator pay royalties to the Town annually. These are approximately \$150,000 per year. A new 10-year agreement was signed which began December 2020. The new agreement includes annual payments of \$417,500 in lieu of property taxes along with royalties of approximately \$150,000 per year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCE COMPONENTS

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		General Fund	No	Capital conrecurring Fund	A	Town Aid Road Fund		cellaneous own Grant Fund	Go۱	lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:												
Permanent Fund Principal	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,100	\$	1,100
Restricted for:												
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	820	\$	2,704	\$	3,524
Public Works		-		-		686,102		296,341		-		982,443
Town Clerk Documents		39,172		-		-		-		-		39,172
Small Cities Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		138,705		138,705
Senior and Senior Center	_	-		<u> </u>		-		-		10,453		10,453
Total Restricted	<u>‡</u> t	39,172	\$	-	\$	686,102	\$	297,161	\$	151,862	\$	1,174,297
Committed to:				_				_				
General Government	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Capital	•	-	•	1,744,706	,	-	,	-	•	-	•	1,744,706
Total Committee	\$ t	-	\$	1,744,706	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,744,706
Assigned:												
Education	\$	157,784	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	157,784
Capital		· -	-	633,206	•	-	-	-	•	-		633,206
Total Assigned	\$	157,784	\$	633,206	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	790,990
Unassigned:	\$	3,375,216	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,375,216
	_		_						_		_	

#### **NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

#### **Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement System**

Plan Description: Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (CTRB). Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefited terms to the CTRB Board. The CTRB issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>, or by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 165 Capital Avenue, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

Benefit Provisions: The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 highest years of salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989, and voluntary contributions are payable.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

*Early Retirement:* Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for non-service-related disability or eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% per year of service times the average of the highest three years of pensionable salary, as defined per the plan, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions: Per Connecticut General Studies Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts): School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan. The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount, that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

*Employees:* Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual salary to the System as required by the CGS Section 10-183b(7). For the year ended June 30, 2021 the certified teachers' contribution to the Connecticut Teachers Retirement Board was \$231,967. Covered payroll for the Town for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3,313,819.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2021 the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town

14,317,940

Total

\$ 14,317,940

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2021, the Town had no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized benefits expense and contribution revenue of \$918,380 in the governmental funds for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town recognized \$2,050,977 for pension expense related to actuarial liabilities for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

Inflation 2.50 Percent

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00-6.50 Percent

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension investment expense,

including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

6.90 Percent

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a log-normal distributions analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity Fund	20.00%	5.60%
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	11.00%	6.00%
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	9.00%	7.90%
Core Fixed Income Fund	16.00%	2.10%
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	5.00%	1.10%
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.00%	2.70%
High Yield Bond Fund	6.00%	4.00%
Real Estate Fund	10.00%	4.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.30%
Alternative Investments	7.00%	2.90%
Liquidity Fund	1.00%	0.40%

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and therefore the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### **Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System**

Plan Description: All Town employees not covered by the Town pension plan or the teacher retirement system participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits for the employees of participating local government authorities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the State of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

Benefit Provisions: The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service, or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members.

Normal Retirement: For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1.5% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement: Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Disability Retirement – Service Connected: Employees who are totally and permanently disabled and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability, are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Disability Retirement – Non-Service Connected: Employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Death Benefit: Employees who are eligible for service, disability or early retirement and married for at least 12 months preceding death. Benefits are calculated based on the average of the three highest paid years of service and creditable service at date of death, payable to the spouse. Benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the life annuity allowance and the reduced 50% joint and survivor allowance.

Contributions - Member: Contributions for members not covered by social security are 6% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 3.25% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 6%, if any, in excess of such base.

Contributions – Employer: Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2021 the Town reports a total liability of \$981,013 for government-wide financials for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.250%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$250,031. As of June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 88,555	\$ -
Difference between projected and actual earnings	102,948	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	64,995	125,417
Change of assumptions	161,522	-
Change in proportional share	 4,673	 18,764
Total	\$ 422,693	\$ 144,181

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Voor	ended	luno	20.
rear	enaea	June	30:

2022	\$ 88,485
2023	104,923
2024	(10,600)
2025	7,149
	\$ 189,957

Notes to the Financial Statements

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 Percent

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50-10.00 Percent

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension investment expense, including inflation. 7.00 Percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees for the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB is used by Police and Fire for the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected to 2020 by Scale BB is used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	20.00%	5.30%
Developed Market International	11.00%	5.10%
Emerging Market International	9.00%	7.40%
Core Fixed Income	16.00%	1.60%
Inflation Linked Bond	5.00%	1.30%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.90%
High Yield Bonds	6.00%	3.40%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.70%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.30%
Alternative Investments	7.00%	3.20%
Liquidity Fund	<u>1.00%</u>	0.90%
Tot	al <u>100.00%</u>	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current		
1%		Discount		1%
Decrease		Rate		Increase
6.0%		7.0%		8.0%
\$ 1,372,67	<u>'</u> 2 \$	981,013	\$	650,759

Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

Plan Description: The Town currently provides to certain retired employees Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB"). The plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan is currently being funded on a pay as you go basis. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB No. 75.

Contributions: The Town recommended contributions are actuarially determined on an annual basis using the entry age normal method. Contributions are established by contract and may be amended by union negotiations. The Town's total plan contribution (implicit rate subsidy) was \$29,867 and the teacher's retirement board subsidy was \$5,720.

Retired teachers and their spouses must be allowed to continue their health insurance benefits, in the same health insurance plan offered to active teachers, through their last employing Town. The Town does not contribute to the retirees' health insurance. The retirees pay 100% of the premiums in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms*: As of July 1, 2019, the following employees are covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	38
	41

*Total OPEB Liability*: The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,698,283 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs: The total OPEB liability was determined based upon a July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation for the Town using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Entry Age Normal
2.16% (Prior 2.21%)
2.60%
6.50%
4.60%
2027

The discount rate used is equal to the published Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees, Public Safety and Teachers), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

The current valuation reflects changes in the actuarial assumptions to represent the Enrolled Actuary's current best estimate of anticipated experience of the plan. The following areas had changes in assumptions:

- Interest decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%.
- Mortality tables changed from RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table
  projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017 to Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans AmountWeighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees, Public Safety and
  Teachers), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.
- Utilization changed from 100% of current active members will elect medical coverage at retirement to 80% of current active members will elect medical coverage at retirement.
- Healthcare cost trend rates changed from 7.50% in 2017 reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.60% in 2023 and later to 6.50% in 2019 reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.60% in 2027 and later.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:**

<b>333</b>	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at 6/30/20	\$	1,637,423
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		47,481
Interest		36,845
Changes of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		544
Changes in Assumptions or other Inputs		11,577
Benefit Payments		(35,587)
Net Changes		60,860
Balance at 6/30/21	\$	1,698,283

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		Increase
	 1.16%		2.16%		3.16%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,956,183	\$	1,698,283	\$	1,486,944

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Curre				
	19	1% Decrease Trend Rates		1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,443,439	\$	1,698,283	\$	2,010,825

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$63,406. As of June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	494	\$	370,475
Change of assumptions	-	276,296		34,461
Total	\$	276,790	\$	404,936

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended Ju	ine 30	:
2022	\$	(15,200)
2023		(15,200)
2024		(15,200)
2025		(15,200)
2026		(15,200)
Thereafter		(52,146)
	\$	(128,146)

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - OPEB**

Plan Description - Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System—a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

Benefit Provisions - The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue healthcare coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the Plan sponsored by the system. If they elect to remain in the Plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

Contributions - Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan. The State of Connecticut's estimated allocated contribution to the Plan on behalf of the Town was \$22,164.

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

Inflation2.50%Real Wage Growth0.50%Wage Inflation3.00%

Salary increases 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Long-term investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Measurement Date 2.21%

Prior Measurement Date 3.50%

The projected fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2021.

Single equivalent interest rate

Measurement Date 2.21%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including price inflation

Prior Measurement Date 3.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

Including price inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medicare 5.125% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate

Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Health Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

Long-Term Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expected 10-Year				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return	Standard Deviation		
U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	100.0%	-0.42%	1.78%		
Price inflation		2.50%			
Expected rate of return (Rounded nearest 0.25%)		2.00%			

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using current cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Lower Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Higher Trend Rates
Initial Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	4.125%	5.125%	6.125%
Ultimate Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,745,258	\$ 2,135,521	\$ 2,676,579

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.21%)	Current Discount Rate (2.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,608,121	\$ 2,135,521	\$ 1,768,862	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2021 the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	2,135,521
Total	\$ 2,135,521

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2021, the Town had no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$22,164 in the governmental funds for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town recognized \$76,481 for OPEB expense related to actuarial liabilities for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss involving torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries of employees, natural disaster and public official liabilities. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks. Coverage has not been significantly reduced and settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTE 12 - LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town is not a defendant in any lawsuits that, in the opinion of Town Management, in consultation with the Town Attorney, will have an adverse, material effect on the Town's financial position.

**Grants** - The Town participates in several Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of certain of these programs for or including the year ended June 30, 2021 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **NOTE 13 – UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

#### **GASB Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Effective**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases - This statement improves the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period - The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. As a result, interest cost before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of the capital asset. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations – The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 – Omnibus 2020 – The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics and the requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates – Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94 – Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements – This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 – Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

#### **NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On August 6, 2021, the Town paid off the General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note of \$585,000 with the issuance of General Obligation Bonds of \$540,000 and a payment of \$45,000 from the General Fund. The bonds bear annual interest 2.375% with the first principal and interest payment due in August 2022.

# Required Supplementary Information

						Actual	
		Budgeted	l An	ounts	. 6	Budgetary	
		<u>Original</u>	:	<u>Amended</u>	="	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Variance</u>
REVENUES							
Property Taxes							
Property Taxes	\$	9,177,756	\$	9,177,756	\$	9,222,504	\$ 44,748
Benefit Assessment - WPCA		-		-		9,433	9,433
Sewer Assessment		_		-			 
Total Property Taxes	_	9,177,756	_	9,177,756		9,231,937	 54,181
Intergovernmental							
Education							
Education Cost Sharing		2,899,516		2,899,516		2,988,302	88,786
Other Educational Grants		16,717		16,717		1,300	 (15,417)
Total Education		2,916,233	_	2,916,233		2,989,602	 73,369
Other							
Pequot Funds		11,287		11,287		11,287	-
Municipal Stabilization Grant		139,316		139,316		139,316	-
Other Grants		23,683		23,683		16,178	 (7,505)
Total Other	_	174,286	_	174,286		166,781	 (7,505)
Tax Relief							
Veterans		2,200		2,200		2,834	634
Totally Disabled		500		500		431	(69)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes - State Property		3,850		3,850		3,830	(20)
Total Tax Relief		6,550		6,550		7,095	545
Total Intergovernmental		3,097,069		3,097,069		3,163,478	 66,409
Local Revenues							
Fees							
Land Fees		12,000		12,000		40,937	28,937
Preservation Fees		3,000		3,000		1,388	(1,612)
TC Farm Fund MERS		1,000		1,000		2,194	1,194
Planning and Zoning Fees		3,000		3,000		7,090	4,090
Miscellaneous Fees		500		500		4,240	3,740
Local Capital Improvement Fees		1,800		1,800		2,082	282
Sports License Fees		75		75		20	(55)
Dog License Fees	_	300		300		1,264	 964
Total Fees		21,675		21,675		59,215	 37,540
Permits							
Building Permits		40,000		40,000		117,223	77,223
Pistol Permits		2,000		2,000		5,180	 3,180
Total Permits		42,000		42,000		122,403	 80,403

	Б		Actual	
	Original	d Amounts Amended	_ Budgetary Basis	Variance
Charges for Services	<u>Original</u>	Amended	<u>Da515</u>	variance
Conveyance Tax	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 72,622	\$ 52,622
Copies	6,000	,	8,769	2,769
Total Charges for Services	26,000		81,391	55,391
Wheelabrator				
Contract Fee	708,750	708,750	448,139	(260,611)
Host Community Royalties	102,000	•	125,953	23,953
Total Wheelabrator	810,750		574,092	(236,658)
Other				
Telecommunications Property	8,000	8,000	8,704	704
Recreation Committee Program Fees	33,000	33,000	-	(33,000)
Senior Van Donation Box	200	200	402	202
Encumbrance Credit	-	-	454	454
Refunds		<u> </u>	149	149
Total Other	41,200	41,200	9,709	(31,491)
Total Local Revenues	941,625	941,625	846,810	(94,815)
Investment Income	5,000	5,000	8,752	3,752
Total Revenues	13,221,450	13,221,450	13,250,977	29,527
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Selectmen's Office				
First Selectman's Salary	51,264	51,264	51,263	1
Second Selectman's Salary	5,522	5,522	5,521	1
Third Selectman's Salary	5,522	•	5,521	1
Bookkeeper's Salary	34,664	-	34,663	1
Secretary/Clerk's Salary	41,918	41,918	41,917	1
Selectmens' Supplies	3,000	3,000	2,994	6
Supplies and Expenses	3,000		2,894	106
Total Selectmen's Office	144,890	144,890	144,773	117
Town Clerk's Office				
Town Clerk's Salary	50,519	50,519	50,519	<del>-</del>
Assistant Town Clerk's Salary	23,307	23,307	23,306	1
Records Management Service	13,000	•	11,950	1,050
Supplies and Expenses	6,000	•	5,738	262
Vital Statistics	1,500	1,500 1	1,448	52
Document Preservation Grant	94,327	94,327	92,961	1,366
Total Town Clerk's Office	94,321	34,327	32,301	1,300

					Actual			
	Budgeted	l An	nounts		Budgetary			
•	Original		<u>Amended</u>		<u>Basis</u>		<u>Variance</u>	
Tax Collector's Office								
Tax Collector's Salary	\$ 42,933	\$	42,933	\$	42,932	\$	1	
Tax Clerk's Wages	7,518		7,518		4,480		3,038	
Contracted Service	2,947		2,947		2,851		96	
Computer Management/Support	5,470		5,470		4,970		500	
On-line Bill Pay	1,300		1,300		1,300		-	
Tax Refunds	4,000		9,000		5,891		3,109	
Supplies and Expense	4,250		4,250		4,131		119	
Delinquent Motor Vehicle tax Fee	 500		500	_	<u>-</u>	_	500	
Total Tax Collector's Office	 68,918		73,918		66,555		7,363	
Assessor's Office								
Assessor's Salary	50,716		48,616		48,547		69	
Assessor's Clerk Salary	19,043		18,443		17,816		627	
Tax Mapping	8,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Computer Maintenance/Support	15,820		13,220		13,216		4	
Supplies and Expenses	3,875		11,675		11,605		70	
Personal Property Audit	7,500		6,000		6,000		-	
Total Assessor's Office	105,454		105,454		104,684		770	
Treasurer's Office								
Treasurer's Office Treasurer's Salary	20,293		20,293		20,292		1	
Deputy Treasurer's Salary	1,000		1,000		1,000		-	
Supplies and Expenses	100		1,000		1,000		100	
Bank Charges	100		100		_		100	
Total Treasurer's Office	 21,493	_	21,493	_	21,292	_	201	
Total Treasurer's Office	 21,493		21,493		21,292		201	
Board of Finance								
Auditor	17,050		17,400		17,400		-	
Supplies and Expenses	 1,310		1,310	_	1,096		214	
Total Board of Finance	 18,360	_	18,710	_	18,496	_	214	
Planning and Zoning								
Purchased Services	58,000		70,500		68,678		1,822	
Supplies and Expenses	3,800		6,300		4,843		1,457	
Total Planning and Zoning	 61,800	_	76,800		73,521		3,279	
Zoning Board of Appeals								
•	2,500		2,500		1,797		703	
Supplies and Expenses	 2,300	_	2,300		1,737		703	
Board of Tax Review								
Salaries	825		825		825		-	
Supplies and Expenses	 225		225	_	127	_	98	
Total Board of Tax Review	 1,050		1,050		952		98	

			Actual	_
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Budgetary	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Amended</u>	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Conservation Committee				
Enforcement Officer	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,300	\$ 1,200
Supplies and Expenses	1,800	1,800	1,392	408
Total Conservation Committee	9,300	9,300	7,692	1,608
Historic District Study Committee				
Supplies and Expenses	1	1	-	1
Other Expenses	1	1		1
Total Historic District Study Committee	2	2		2
Recycling Committee				
Purchased Services	55,730	55,730	54,590	1,140
Supplies	100	100	<u> </u>	100
Total Recycling Committee	55,830	55,830	54,590	1,240
Registrars of Voters				
Democratic Registrar's Salary	8,900	8,900	8,900	
Republican Registrar's Salary	8,900	8,900	8,900	-
Purchased Services	3,100	3,100	800	2,300
Supplies and Expense	45,000	45,000	35,914	9,086
Democratic Deputy Registrar	300	300	300	-
Republican Deputy Registrar	300	300	300	_
Total Registrars of Voters	66,500	66,500	55,114	11,386
-				
Clerk to the Boards				
Clerk to the Boards	10,000	10,000	8,048	1,952
Supplies and Expenses	600	600	115	485
Total Clerk to the Boards	10,600	10,600	8,163	2,437
Non-Allocated Expenditures				
Employee Insurance	265,254	265,254	249,830	15,424
Social Security and Medicare	61,973	61,973	60,417	1,556
Municipal Education	4,000	4,000	290	3,710
Unemployment Compensation	4,000	4,000	900	3,100
Union Related Contingency	5,600	5,600	5,350	250
Pension	500	500	-	500
Town Share Retirement Compensation	76,906	76,906	73,488	3,418
Employee Retirement Accrued Liability	2,500	2,500	2,470	30
Town Counsel	50,000	50,000	29,495	20,505
Town Engineer	55,000	55,000	47,408	7,592
Insurance and Bonding	227,044	227,044	213,877	13,167
Payroll Service	6,000	6,000	4,175	1,825
Consulting Fees/Contracted Services	55,000	55,000	34,088	20,912
Town Hall Utilities	27,000	27,000	19,251	7,749

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Actual		
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Budgetary		
<del>-</del>		<u>Driginal</u>		Amended	-	<u>Basis</u>		Variance
Non-Allocated Expenditures (Continued)	_		_					
Town Hall Maintenance	\$	10,000	\$	13,200	\$	13,016	\$	184
Town Hall Equipment Maintenance		1,500		1,500	-	1,327		173
Town Hall Computer		8,500		8,500		8,500		-
Town Hall Copier Maintenance		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Town Hall Postage		10,000		10,000		8,855		1,145
Town Hall Supplies and Expense		3,250		3,250		3,244		6
Advertising and Communications		4,000		800		729		71
Walking Weekend		150		150		150		-
Donations		1,650		1,650		1,300		350
Auditors Contracted Services		1,000		1,000		· -		1,000
Total Non-Allocated Expenditures		882,827		882,827		780,160	_	102,667
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	,
Town Memberships								
Town Memberships		100,138		100,138		98,190	_	1,948
Other Protection and Prevention								
Building Inspector Wages		27,500		27,500		27,397		103
Animal Control Officer's Salary		13,485		13,485		13,381		103
Zoning Enforcement Wages		10,000		10,000		10,000		104
Building Inspector Supplies and Expenses		2,500		2,500		2,098		402
Dog Damages		2,500		2,500		2,096		1
		500		500		_		500
ZEO Supplies and Expenses						52,876	_	1,110
Total Other Protection and Prevention		53,986		53,986		32,070	_	1,110
Health and Welfare								
Public Health Nursing		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Health Department		28,929		28,929		28,929		-
Sewer Line Fees		1,500		1,500				1,500
Total Health and Welfare		31,429		31,429		28,929		2,500
Total General Government		1,729,404		1,749,754		1,610,745		139,009
Fire Protection								
Lisbon Volunteer Fire Department		111,000		283,297		283,297		_
LVFD SCBA's		3,500		3,500		3,500		_
Hydrant Rental		33,650		33,739		33,738		1
Recruitment/Retention		17,479		17,479		17,479		
Fire Marshal's Salary		8,811		8,811		3,869		4,942
Fire Marshal Supplies and Expense		3,000		3,000		2,910		4,942
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								90
Dept. of Emergency Mgmt. Director's Stipend Tree Warden Stipend		1,750 600		1,750 600		1,750 600		-
Burning Official		200		200		200		-
_		3,000		3,000		2,983		- 17
Dept. of Emergency Mgmt. Expense	-							
Total Fire Protection		182,990		355,376		350,326		5,050

See accountant's report.

		Actual				
_	Budgeted	l Amounts	Budgetary			
_	<u>Original</u>	<u>Amended</u>	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Variance</u>		
Police Protection						
Resident State Trooper Contract	\$ 143,672	\$ 143,672	\$ 143,177	\$ 495		
Trooper's Supplies and Expenses	3,000	3,000	2,976	24		
Resident State Trooper Overtime	8,000	8,000	1,583	6,417		
Total Police Protection	154,672	154,672	147,736	6,936		
Highways and Streets						
Highway Department Salaries	260,645	263,592	263,592	_		
Street Lighting	33,000	30,053	25,820	4,233		
Contracted Services	50,000	50,000	45,473	4,527		
Town Garage Utilities	40,000	40,000	39,963	37		
Town Equipment and Trucks	87,500	87,500	76,891	10,609		
Highway Department Supplies	8,000	8,000	5,635	2,365		
Road Repair and Maintenance	49,500	49,500	49,500	-		
General Road Repair	20,000	20,000	20,000	-		
Town Garage Maintenance	18,500	18,500	9,945	8,555		
Sanitation	30,000	30,000	16,741	13,259		
Total Highways and Streets	597,145	597,145	553,560	43,585		
Seniors and Senior Center						
Senior Coordinator's Salary	47,549	47,549	47,549	-		
Van Driver's Salary	22,893	22,893	22,272	621		
Senior Meal Site Wages	18,481	14,481	4,336	10,145		
Senior Center Coverage Wages	4,800	8,800	6,789	2,011		
Senior Citizen's Services	3,500	3,500	2,233	1,267		
Senior Center Utilities	15,000	15,000	15,000	-		
Senior Center Maintenance	12,000	12,000	12,000	-		
Senior Van Maintenance	2,750	2,750	1,469	1,281		
Senior Coordinator Supplies	1,000	1,000	334	666		
Senior Center Supplies	1,200	1,200	1,179	21		
Senior Center Copier Expense	1,400	1,400	1,080	320		
Total Seniors and Senior Center	130,573	130,573	114,241	16,332		
Recreation						
Special Events	60,000	60,000	-	60,000		
Recreation Purchased Services	12,000	12,000	8,733	3,267		
Recreation Supplies	915	915	360	555		
Recreation Maintenance of Municipal Rec Fields	2,000	2,000	-	2,000		
Lisbon Meadows Park	6,925	6,925		6,925		
Total Recreation	81,840	81,840	9,093	72,747		
Education						
Board of Education	9,881,519	9,881,519	9,849,169	32,350		

Capital Outlay Capital Improvements Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures Total Capital Outlay	<u>O</u> \$	Budgeted riginal 20,000 3,000 23,000		20,000 16,151 36,151	\$	Actual Budgetary <u>Basis</u> 20,000 16,151 36,151	\$ Variance - -
Debt Service Principal, General Obligation Bond Principal, Hoydilla Property Interest, General Obligation Bond Interest, Hoydilla Property Total Debt Service		220,000 45,000 16,050 17,377 298,427		220,000 45,000 16,050 17,377 298,427	_	220,000 45,000 16,050 12,879 293,929	- - 4,498 4,498
Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	13	3,079,570		13,285,457		12,964,950	320,507
Over Expenditures		141,880		(64,007)		286,027	350,034
Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Appropriation from Fund Balance Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		- (110,000) (110,000)		205,887 (110,000) 95,887	_	(110,000) (110,000)	 (205,887)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources over Expenditures and							
Other Financing (Uses) - Budgetary Basis	\$	31,880	<u>\$</u>	31,880		176,027	\$ 144,147
Adjustments to Generally Accepted Accounting Payments on Behalf of the Town not Recorded on a Revenues from Teachers' Retirement and OPEE Expenditures from Teachers' Retirement and OPEE Payments on Behalf of the Town not Recorded on a Revenues from Excess Cost Grant			940,544 (940,544) 91,269				
Expenditures from Excess Cost Grant Encumbrances Recorded on a Budget Basis, but no Prior Year Encumbrances Encumbrance Credit Current Year Encumbrances Change in Accrued Payroll: Board of Education General Government			d Ad	ccrual Basis:		(91,269) (124,190) (454) 157,784 (6,057) 605	
Paydown of BAN is Reclassed Against Outstanding Issuance of Bond Anticipation Note Reported as Lo			es			45,000 585,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Fina over Expenditures and Other Financing (Use	_		s		\$	833,715	

Page 8 of 8

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

A formal, legally approved, annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (modified accrual basis) with the following exceptions: 1) The Town does not recognize revenue or expenditure amounts for the State Teachers' Pension and OPEB on-behalf amounts from the State of Connecticut. 2) The excess cost grant is net against the expenditures in accordance with state statutes. 3) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures against the budget in the year committed. 4) Payroll is budgeted on a cash basis. 5) Revenues and expenditures from refunding or renewing long-term debt or lease proceeds are included in the budget as the net revenue or expenditure.

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions
Last Seven Fiscal Years\*

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years or Since Inception of GASB 68								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Town's Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	0.250%	0.255%	0.250%	0.251%	0.251%	0.197%	0.197%	
Town's Portion of Net Pension Liability	\$ 981,013	\$ 941,320	\$ 954,953	\$ 414,874	\$ 492,619	\$ 269,858	\$ 202,758	
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 639,769	\$ 655,648	\$ 702,823	\$ 597,453	\$ 597,453	\$ 437,388	\$ 437,388	
Town's Portion of Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	153.34%	143.57%	135.87%	69.44%	82.45%	61.70%	46.36%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	71.18%	72.69%	73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%	90.48%	
Schedule of Employer Contributions Since Inception of GASB 68	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Town's Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 88,555	\$ 79,811	\$ 72,945	\$ 71,152	\$ 67,990	\$ 49,478	\$ 48,686	
Town's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	88,555	79,811	72,945	71,152	67,990	49,478	48,686	
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 639,769	\$ 655,648	\$ 702,823	\$ 597,453	\$ 597,453	\$ 437,388	\$ 437,388	
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.84%	12.17%	10.38%	11.91%	11.38%	11.31%	11.13%	

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Single equivalent amortization period 21 years Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50%-10.00%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of investment related expense

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

State Teachers' Retirement System
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Last Seven Fiscal Years\*

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Town's percentage of the net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	14,317,940	13,030,038	10,046,917	10,663,253	11,249,813	8,517,731	7,872,936	
Total	\$ 14,317,940	\$ 13,030,038	\$ 10,046,917	\$ 10,663,253	\$ 11,249,813	\$ 8,517,731	\$ 7,872,936	
Town's covered payroll	\$ 3,313,819	\$ 3,289,182	\$ 3,097,173	\$ 3,133,413	\$ 3,074,214	\$ 3,075,670	\$ 3,098,730	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

52.00%

57.69%

55.93%

52.26%

59.50%

61.51%

49.24%

#### Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percent of pay closed, grading

to a level dollar amortization method

for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

Single equivalent amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 6.50% average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.90% net of investment related expense

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

State Teachers' Retirement System
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability
Last Four Fiscal Years\*

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability							
		2021		2020		2019	2018
Town's percentage of the net OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town		2,135,521		2,032,108		2,008,405	 2,744,583
Total	\$	2,135,521	\$	2,032,108	\$	2,008,405	\$ 2,744,583
Town's covered payroll	\$	3,313,819	\$	3,289,182	\$	3,097,173	\$ 3,133,413
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll.		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.50%		2.08%		1.49%	 1.79%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll over a closed period

Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Investment Rate of Return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price Inflation 2.50%

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability Last Four Fiscal Years\*

	2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$	47,481	\$	67,666	\$	59,080	\$ 60,760
Interest		36,845		61,488		61,674	55,622
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		544		(429,213)		(22,655)	(5,334)
Changes of Assumptions		11,577		263,276		69,404	(53,609)
Benefit Payments		(35,587)		(19,682)		(16,221)	 (15,423)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		60,860		(56,465)		151,282	42,016
Total OPEB Liability - Beginnning		1,637,423		1,693,888		1,542,606	1,500,590
Total OPEB Liability - Ending*	\$	1,698,283	\$	1,637,423	\$	1,693,888	\$ 1,542,606
Covered Payroll	\$	2,951,432	\$	2,876,639	\$	3,063,360	\$ 2,985,731
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		57.54%		56.92%		55.30%	51.67%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Measurement Date June 30, 2021
Valuation Date July 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Salary Increases 2.60%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50%, reducing by 0.25% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.60% per year.

<sup>\*</sup> There are no assets that are being accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay benefits.

# Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

TOWN OF LISBON, CONNECTICUT
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												PERMANENT FUNDS					
	Cafeteria Fund		After School Child Care Fund		Shooting Stars Fund			ducation Grants	D	ucharme Trust		Palmer		reston earned				
								Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund			Total		
Assets																		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	2,083	\$	25,171 -	\$	6,216 4,237	\$	23,675	\$	74,000	\$	698	\$	3,106	\$	134,949 4,237		
Receivables, Net		41,561		9,999		-		8,101		-		-		-		59,661		
Other Assets		5,342		588		-		-		-		-		-		5,930		
Due from Other Funds																		
Total Assets	\$	48,986	\$	35,758	\$	10,453	\$	31,776	\$	74,000	\$	698	\$	3,106	\$	204,777		
Liabilities and Fund Balances																		
Liabilities:																		
Accounts Payable and																		
Accrued Items	\$	276	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	276		
Unearned Revenues		1,188		-		-		28,260		-		-		-		29,448		
Due to Other Funds		22,091														22,091		
Total Liabilities		23,555	_	<u> </u>	_		_	28,260	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>				51,815		
Fund Balances:																		
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		100		1,000		1,100		
Restricted		25,431		35,758		10,453		3,516		74,000		598		2,106		151,862		
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned																		
Total Fund Balances		25,431	_	35,758	_	10,453	_	3,516	_	74,000		698		3,106	_	152,962		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	48,986	\$	35,758	\$	10,453	\$	31,776	\$	74,000	\$	698	\$	3,106	\$	204,777		

TOWN OF LISBON, CONNECTICUT

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		SPECIA	AL REVENUE	PERMANE				
•	Cafeteria Fund	After School Child Care Fund	Shooting Stars Fund	Education Grants Fund	Ducharme Trust Fund	Palmer Fund	Preston Learned Fund	Total
Revenues								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 196,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 462,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 658,661
Charges for Services	11,833	81,214	6,115	22,724	-	-	-	121,886
Interest Income	-	-	75	-	-	1	4	80
Other Revenue					74,000			74,000
Total Revenues	208,193	81,214	6,190	485,025	74,000	1	4	854,627
Expenditures								
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seniors and Senior Center	-	-	4,500	-	-	-	-	4,500
Education	194,930	62,316	-	485,071	-	-	-	742,317
Total Expenditures	194,930	62,316	4,500	485,071				746,817
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	13,263	18,898	1,690	(46)	74,000	1	4	107,810
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)								
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out			<u>-</u>					
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balances	13,263	18,898	1,690	(46)	74,000	1	4	107,810
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	12,168	16,860	8,763	3,562		697	3,102	45,152
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 25,431	\$ 35,758	\$ 10,453	\$ 3,516	\$ 74,000	\$ 698	\$ 3,106	\$ 152,962

Schedule of Debt Limitation June 30, 2021

Total Tax Collections, Including Interest and Lien Fees - Prior Fiscal Year											
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on:  Tax Relief for Elderly and Disabled - Prior Fiscal Year  Base											
	General Purposes	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit						
	(2.25 x base)	(4.50 x base)	(3.75 x base)	(3.25 x base)	(3.00 x base)						
Debt Limitation: Statutory Debt Limits by Function	\$ 20,241,855	\$ 40,483,710	\$ 33,736,425	\$ 29,238,235	\$ 26,989,140						
Indebtedness: Bonds Payable** Total Indebtedness	585,000 585,000	144,500 144,500	280,500 280,500	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>						
Debt Limitation in Excess of Debt*	\$ 19,656,855	\$ 40,339,210	\$ 33,455,925	\$ 29,238,235	\$ 26,989,140						

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes \$585,000 of Bond Anticipation Notes.

<sup>\*</sup>In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from base. The maximum amount permitted under this formula would be approximately \$62,974,660.

Schedule of Property Taxes Levied, Collected, and Outstanding For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

List of 10/1:	Outstanding July 1, 2020		Current <u>Levy</u>	Lawful Corrections  Additions Deductions				Collectible <u>Taxes</u>	Collections During the Year <u>Taxes Interest Liens Total</u>									Transfers to <u>Suspense</u>		itstanding e 30, 2021	
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013	\$ 112,619 47,078 10,161 3,876 2,600 4,548 \$ 180,882	\$ <b>\$</b>	9,247,990 - - - - - - - 9,247,990	\$ <b>\$</b>	22,878 28,282 10,123 - 1 - - - 61,284	\$ <b>\$</b>	55,081 34,175 30,296 5,967 - - - 125,519	\$ <b>\$</b>	9,215,787 106,726 26,905 4,194 3,877 2,600 4,548 <b>9,364,637</b>	\$	9,099,569 60,499 1,151 1,737 1,023 2,600 - 9,166,579	-	38,465 16,323 14,411 3,491 884 658 944 <b>75,176</b>	\$ 	60 792 360 216 72 24 -	\$	9,138,094 77,614 15,922 5,444 1,979 3,282 944 <b>9,243,279</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	10,760 - - - - - 10,760	\$ <b>\$</b>	116,218 46,227 14,994 2,457 2,854 - 4,548 187,298
	nd List - Octobe e: 23.23 mills	er 1,	2019			То	•		e Collections Il Collections	_	3,253 <b>9,169,832</b>	\$	2,646 <b>77,822</b>	\$	- 1,524	\$	5,899 <b>9,249,178</b>				

# TOWN OF LISBON, CONNECTICUT Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance by Project Capital Nonrecurring Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	eginning Fund salance	Current Year copriations	_	nternal Fund ransfers	Current Year enditures	ı	Current Year Revenues		Ending Fund Balance
Committed Fund Balance:									
Bundy Hill Road Bridge	\$ 355,356	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (15,379)	\$	-	\$	339,977
1 South Burham Highway	54,500	-		-	-		-		54,500
Open Space Fees	115,400	-		-	-		21,000		136,400
Capital Projects	357,659	30,000		-	-		-		387,659
Plan of Conservation and Development	175,028	10,000		-	-		-		185,028
Salt Shed Construction	205,000	15,000		-	-		-		220,000
Public and Safety Vehicles	170,104	40,000		-	-		-		210,104
Revaluation	72,800	10,000		-	(10,855)		-		71,945
Strawberry Fields Sidewalks	-	-		-	(8,575)		8,575		-
Land Purchases	62,345	5,000		-	-		-		67,345
GIS Assessor Mapping	46,250	-		-	-		-		46,250
Lisbon Meadow Park Improvements	15,498	-		-	-		-		15,498
Voting Machine Replacement	10,000	-		-	-		-		10,000
Senior Center Van	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 (48,000)		48,000		<u>-</u>
Total Committed Fund Balance	1,639,940	110,000			(82,809)	_	77,575	_	1,744,706
Assigned Fund Balance:									
Undesignated	 628,831	 <del>-</del>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		4,375		633,206
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2,268,771	\$ 110,000	\$		\$ (82,809)	\$	81,950	\$	2,377,912